

새로운 항정신병약물 : 세로토닌 및 글루타메이트 수용체 관련 약물들

김 찬 형

ABSTRACT

Newer Antipsychotics : Serotonin and Glutamate Receptor Related Drugs

Chan-Hyung Kim, MD

Department of Psychiatry, Yonsei University College of Medicine, Seoul, Korea

Several decades of research attempting to explain schizophrenia regarding dopamine hyperactivity hypothesis have produced disappointing results. New hypotheses focusing on serotonin-dopamine interactions and hypofunction of the NMDA glutamate transmitter system have been emerging as potentially more promising concepts. The next generation of treatments for schizophrenia, whether they are based on dopamine, serotonin, or glutamate etc., should be effective on negative symptoms and cognitive deficits as well as positive symptoms. In this article, I review the brief overview of these hypotheses and new drugs based on the hypotheses. (**Korean J Psychopharmacol 2001;12(2):115-123**)

KEY WORDS : Schizophrenia · Serotonin · Glutamate.

서 론

가 . 가 tr -
ansmethylation 가 , LSD
가 . 1950 chlo -
rpromazine 가
D₂
가
clozapine D₂
가 가 . D₂
D₁, D₃, D₄
가 ,

: , 135 - 720 146 - 92
: 02) 3497 - 3340 · : 02) 3462 - 4304
E - mail : pr88@chollian.net

가

가 . N - me - phen - thyl - D - aspartate(NMDA) cyclidine(PCP) ketamine amphetamine , 가 PCP 가 가 D₂ 가 1,2) 가 , 가 (, 가 , ventral tegmental area (neural network) (ne - 가 , 가 -3,4) 가 5-HT₂ , 1980 D₂ 30 60% , haloperidol 70 80% 5,6) clozapine D₂ , 가 7-9) 가 가 가 가 10,11) clozapine

정신분열증과 도파민

정신분열증과 세로토닌

가¹⁸⁾ (turnover) 가
5-HT₂ D₂
가 가 가
clozapine
가
M100907 3
clozapine
가 risperidone, olanzapine, quetiapine, ziprasidone sertindone(가
haloperidol M100907 5-HT_{2a}
clozapine 가 가
5-HT_{2a}가 가, 5-HT_{1a}, 5-HT_{2c}, 5-HT₃, 5-HT₆, 5-HT₇ 5-HT_{2a}, 5-HT_{2c} 5-HT_{1a} 5-HT_{2a} 5-HT_{2a}
¹³⁾ 가
1. 5-HT_{2a} 수용체 M100907
5-HT_{2a} , ,^{19,20)}
5-HT_{2a} 가 2. 5-HT_{1a} 수용체 , 5-HT_{1a}
5-HT_{2a} 5-HT_{2c} rita- 5-HT_{2a}
nserin 가^{21,22)} 5-HT_{1a}
haloperidol mPFC(medial prefrontal cortex)
¹⁴⁾ ritanserin 5-HT_{2a} 가 , striatum nu-
amperozide M100907 cleus accumbens DA
가 . amperizide
가
가
¹³⁾ 5-HT_{2a} M100907
가 , 5-HT_{2a}/D₂ 5-HT_{1a} /D₂
M100907 amphetamine pencyclidine dizo-
cilpin 가¹⁴⁻¹⁶⁾ MK-¹⁹⁾
801 prepulse inhibition¹⁷⁾ clozapine, quetiapine ziprasidone 5-HT_{1a}
M100907 3 placebo HT_{1a} 5-HT_{1a}
가 haloperdol D₂ S16924

가 clozapine^{23,24)} . PCP

5-HT_{1a} buspirone , ,³¹⁾

가 가 , 가 , PCP

3. 5-HT_{2c} 수용체 . PCP

5-HT_{2c} 5-HT_{2c} D₂ 1 PCP 가

가^{12,25)} cloza -³²⁾

pine, olanzapine, sertindole 5-HT_{2a} 5-HT_{2c} PCP

가 , risperidone, amphetamine

quetiapine, ziprasidone 5-HT_{2a} 가 , PCP

. 5-HT_{2c} 가 ,

²⁶⁾ 가 clozapine 이 -

anzapine 가가 PCP가

, EPS NMDA glutamate

5-HT_{2c} 5-HT_{2a} 가

가 PCP NM -

DA ketamine MK - 801 PCP

ketamine

ketamine

ketamine

ketamine^{33 - 36)}

정신분열증과 글루타메이트

glutamate²⁸⁾

glutamate 가

PCP

NMDA glutamate²⁹⁾

1. Phencyclidine(PCP)

PCP 1950 ,

30%

³⁰⁾ PCP ,

2. 글루타메이트 수용체와 정신분열증

aspartate

ionotropic glutamate metabotropic gl -

utamate 가 . ionotropic

Ca⁺⁺

N - methyl - D - as -

partate(NMDA), kainate - amino - 3 - hydroxy -

5 - methyl - 4 - isoxazole propionic acid(AMPA)

. NMDA voltage -
dependence, slower kinetics Ca^{++}
가 .³⁷⁾ Kainate AMPA
' non - NMDA ' , Na^{+} 가 . NMDA
kinetics .³⁸⁾ NMDA rapid
DA non NMDA 가 NM -
non NMDA 가 , NMDA
voltage - dependent
가 . NMDA Ca^{++} NMDA 가
neuronal .⁵⁾
growth cone long - term potentiation
Ca⁺⁺ neuro - 가
nal death . NMDA
strychnine - insensitive glycine neurite outgrowth, synaptogenesis
glycine ,^{39,40)}
glycine, D - serine, D - alanine (neurotoxicity)
metabotropic glutamate sec - corticostriatal,
ond messenger system (1). thalamocortical corticocortical association
(connecting tract)
가 ,⁴¹⁾
, 1) .⁴²⁾
. 2) PCP keta -
mine 가
sensitization
supersensitivity . 3) NMDA , NMDA

Table 1. Glutamate receptor subtypes

	Ionotropic			Metabotropic		
Functional classes	NMDA	AMPA	Kainate	Class I	Class II	Class III
Gene families	NR1	GluR1	GluR5	mGluR1	mGluR2	mGluR4
	NR2A	GluR2	GluR6	mGluR5	mGluR3	mGluR6
	NR2B	GluR3	GluR7			mGluR7
	NR2C	GluR4	KA1			mGluR8
	NR2D		KA2			
	NR3A					
Effector mechanisms	Ligand-gated ion channels			Second messenger systems		
				IP3, Ca^{2+}	cAMP	

hy -
 perlocomotion, stereotyped behavior , cognitive
 sensorimotor gating , (social
 interaction) hyper -
 locomotion stereotyped behavior
 (social interaction)
 , cognitive sensorimotor
 gating
 가
 PCP NMDA
 ,
 가 , (nucleus acc -
 umbens) .⁴³⁾ PCP
 ,
 .^{44,45)}
 .⁴⁶⁾
 , NMDA
 -
 .⁴⁷⁾
 , muscarine , nonNMDA
 , -2 , 5-HT_{2a} NM -
 DA
 ,
 .^{48,49)}
 가 ,
 GABA
 .
 3. 글루타메이트 약물들
 NM -
 DA 가 PCP ketamine
 NMDA 가
 . NMDA glutamate
 .
 NMDA strychnine - insensitive gl -
 ycine modulatory site
 .
 NMDA glycine - B coagonist site
 NMDA
 .
 1980 glycine
 가 가 가
 .^{50,51)}
 glycine ketamine
 가 .⁵²⁾
 glycine
 D - cycloserine 가
 ,
 .^{53 - 56)}
 D - serine 가⁵⁷⁾
 NMDA 가 가
 . clozapine glycine - B - ag -
 onist 가 가
 ,^{58,59)} clozapine NMDA
 clozapine
 D - serine 가
 40 D - cycloserine
 NM - DA glycine
 .
 500 2000 mg
 .⁶⁰⁾가
 D - cycloserine
 가 가
 D - cycloserine
 .
 D - cycloserine 50
 가
 .⁶¹⁾
 .^{53,58)}
 D - serine 가 clozapine
 D - cycloserine
 가 .⁵⁸⁾ cloza -

pine glutamine 가 가
glycine trans -
porter antagonist NMDA
가 62) AMPA
63,64)
, metabotropic glutamate voltagede -
pendent ion channels hyper
glutamatergic state 가
() group II/III metabotropic - glutamate
(mGluR II/III) LY354747 PCP
glutamate
64) LY354740 가
lamotrigine 가
lamotrigine sodium channel, P- and N- type 가
calcium channels potassium channel
glutamate 65 - 67)
lamotrigine ketamine percep -
tual, psychiatric amnesic effects 68)
glutamate
가 69)
결 론
chlorpromazine
1980 clozapine
가
가
neural network

중심 단어 :

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